111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1677

AN ACT

To reauthorize the Defense Production Act of 1950, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Defense Production Act Reauthorization of 2009".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents for
- 5 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Reauthorization of Defense Production Act of 1950.
 - Sec. 3. Declaration of policy.
 - Sec. 4. Priority in contracts and orders.
 - Sec. 5. Designation of energy as a strategic and critical material.
 - Sec. 6. Strengthening domestic capability.
 - Sec. 7. Expansion of productive capacity and supply.
 - Sec. 8. Definitions.
 - Sec. 9. Voluntary agreements and plans of action for national defense.
 - Sec. 10. Employment of personnel; appointment policies; nucleus executive reserve; use of confidential information by employees; printing and distribution of reports.
 - Sec. 11. Defense Production Act Committee.
 - Sec. 12. Annual report on impact of offsets.

6 SEC. 2. REAUTHORIZATION OF DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT

- 7 **OF 1950.**
- 8 (a) Termination of Act.—
- 9 (1) Termination.—Section 717 of the Defense
- 10 Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2166) is
- 11 amended—
- (A) by striking subsections (a) and (b) and
- inserting the following:
- 14 "(a) Title I (except section 104), title III, and title
- 15 VII (except sections 707, 708, and 721) shall terminate
- 16 on September 30, 2014, except that all authority extended
- 17 under title III on or after the date of enactment of the
- 18 Defense Production Act Reauthorization of 2009 shall be
- 19 effective for any fiscal year only to such extent or in such

1	amounts as are provided in advance in appropriations
2	Acts.
3	"(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), any agency cre-
4	ated under a provision of law that is terminated under
5	subsection (a) may continue in existence, for purposes of
6	liquidation, for a period not to exceed 6 months, beginning
7	on the date of termination of the provision authorizing the
8	creation of such agency under subsection (a)."; and
9	(B) in subsection (c), by striking the sec-
10	ond undesignated paragraph.
11	(2) Repeals.—Titles II, IV, V, and VI of the
12	Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App.
13	2151 et seq., 2101 et seq., 2121 et seq., and 2131
14	et seq.) are repealed.
15	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
16	711 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C.
17	App. 2161) is amended—
18	(1) in subsection (a)—
19	(A) in the first sentence, by striking "(in-
20	cluding" and all that follows through ") by"
21	and inserting "by"; and
22	(B) by striking "(a) Authorization.—
23	Except as provided in subsection (b), there"
24	and inserting "There"; and
25	(2) by striking subsection (b).

1 SEC. 3. DECLARATION OF POLICY.

2	(a) FINDINGS.—Section 2 of the Defense Production
3	Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2062) is amended to read
4	as follows:
5	"SEC. 2. DECLARATION OF POLICY.
6	"(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
7	"(1) the security of the United States is de-
8	pendent on the ability of the domestic industrial
9	base to supply materials and services for the na-
10	tional defense and to prepare for and respond to
11	military conflicts, natural or man-caused disasters,
12	or acts of terrorism within the United States;
13	"(2) to ensure the vitality of the domestic in-
14	dustrial base, actions are needed—
15	"(A) to promote industrial resources pre-
16	paredness in the event of domestic or foreign
17	threats to the security of the United States;
18	"(B) to support continuing improvements
19	in industrial efficiency and responsiveness;
20	"(C) to provide for the protection and res-
21	toration of domestic critical infrastructure oper-
22	ations under emergency conditions; and
23	"(D) to respond to actions taken outside of
24	the United States that could result in reduced
25	supplies of strategic and critical materials, in-
26	cluding energy, necessary for national defense

1	and the general economic well-being of the
2	United States;
3	"(3) in order to provide for the national secu-
4	rity, the national defense preparedness effort of the
5	United States Government requires—
6	"(A) preparedness programs to respond to
7	both domestic emergencies and international
8	threats to national defense;
9	"(B) measures to improve the domestic in-
10	dustrial base for national defense;
11	"(C) the development of domestic produc-
12	tive capacity to meet—
13	"(i) essential national defense needs
14	that can result from emergency conditions;
15	and
16	"(ii) unique technological require-
17	ments; and
18	"(D) the diversion of certain materials and
19	facilities from ordinary use to national defense
20	purposes, when national defense needs cannot
21	otherwise be satisfied in a timely fashion;
22	"(4) to meet the requirements referred to in
23	this subsection, this Act provides the President with
24	an array of authorities to shape national defense
25	preparedness programs and to take appropriate

1	steps to maintain and enhance the domestic indus-
2	trial base;
3	"(5) in order to ensure national defense pre-
4	paredness, it is necessary and appropriate to assure
5	the availability of domestic energy supplies for na-
6	tional defense needs;
7	"(6) to further assure the adequate mainte-
8	nance of the domestic industrial base, to the max-
9	imum extent possible, domestic energy supplies
10	should be augmented through reliance on renewable
11	energy sources (including solar, geothermal, wind,
12	and biomass sources), more efficient energy storage
13	and distribution technologies, and energy conserva-
14	tion measures;
15	"(7) much of the industrial capacity that is re-
16	lied upon by the United States Government for mili-
17	tary production and other national defense purposes
18	is deeply and directly influenced by—
19	"(A) the overall competitiveness of the in-
20	dustrial economy of the United States; and
21	"(B) the ability of industries in the United
22	States, in general, to produce internationally
23	competitive products and operate profitably
24	while maintaining adequate research and devel-

1	opment to preserve competitiveness with respect
2	to military and civilian production; and

- 3 "(8) the inability of industries in the United 4 States, especially smaller subcontractors and sup-5 pliers, to provide vital parts and components and 6 other materials would impair the ability to sustain 7 the Armed Forces of the United States in combat 8 for longer than a short period.
- 9 "(b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the 10 United States that—
 - "(1) to ensure the adequacy of productive capacity and supply, Federal departments and agencies that are responsible for national defense acquisition should continuously assess the capability of the domestic industrial base to satisfy production requirements under both peacetime and emergency conditions, specifically evaluating the availability of adequate production sources, including subcontractors and suppliers, materials, skilled labor, and professional and technical personnel;
 - "(2) every effort should be made to foster cooperation between the defense and commercial sectors for research and development and for acquisition of materials, components, and equipment;

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- 1 "(3) plans and programs to carry out the pur-2 poses of this Act should be undertaken with due con-3 sideration for promoting efficiency and competition;
 - "(4) in providing United States Government financial assistance under this Act to correct a domestic industrial base shortfall, the President should give consideration to the creation or maintenance of production sources that will remain economically viable after such assistance has ended;
 - "(5) authorities under this Act should be used to reduce the vulnerability of the United States to terrorist attacks, and to minimize the damage and assist in the recovery from terrorist attacks that occur in the United States;
 - "(6) in order to ensure productive capacity in the event of an attack on the United States, the United States Government should encourage the geographic dispersal of industrial facilities in the United States to discourage the concentration of such productive facilities within limited geographic areas that are vulnerable to attack by an enemy of the United States;
 - "(7) to ensure that essential national defense requirements are met, consideration should be given

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to stockpiling strategic materials, to the extent that such stockpiling is economical and feasible; and

"(8) in the construction of any industrial facility owned by the United States Government, in the rendition of any financial assistance by the United States Government for the construction, expansion, or improvement of any industrial facility, and in the production of goods and services, under this Act or any other provision of law, each department and agency of the United States Government should apply, under the coordination of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, when practicable and consistent with existing law and the desirability for maintaining a sound economy, the principle of geographic dispersal of such facilities in the interest of national defense.".

17 SEC. 4. PRIORITY IN CONTRACTS AND ORDERS.

- 18 Section 101 of the Defense Production Act of 1950
- 19 (50 U.S.C. App. 2071) is amended by adding at the end
- 20 the following:

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- 21 "(d) The head of each Federal agency to which the
- 22 President delegates authority under this section shall—
- 23 "(1) not later than 270 days after the date of
- enactment of the Defense Production Act Reauthor-
- ization of 2009, issue final rules, in accordance with

1	section 553 of title 5, United States Code, that es-
2	tablish standards and procedures by which the prior-
3	ities and allocations authority under this section is
4	used to promote the national defense, under both
5	emergency and nonemergency conditions; and
6	"(2) as appropriate and to the extent prac-
7	ticable, consult with the heads of other Federal
8	agencies to develop a consistent and unified Federal
9	priorities and allocations system.".
10	SEC. 5. DESIGNATION OF ENERGY AS A STRATEGIC AND
11	CRITICAL MATERIAL.
12	Section 106 of the Defense Production Act of 1950
13	(50 U.S.C. App. 2076) is amended—
14	(1) by striking "such designation" and all that
15	follows through "(1)" and inserting "such designa-
16	tion";
17	(2) by striking "; or" and inserting a period;
18	and
19	(3) by striking paragraph (2).
20	SEC. 6. STRENGTHENING DOMESTIC CAPABILITY.
21	Section 107 of the Defense Production Act of 1950
22	(50 U.S.C. App. 2077) is amended—
23	(1) in subsection (a)—
24	(A) by inserting "restore," after "mod-
25	ernize,"; and

1	(B) by inserting "materials," after
2	"items,"; and
3	(2) in subsection (b)—
4	(A) by striking paragraph (1);
5	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and
6	(3) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively; and
7	(C) in paragraph (1), as so redesignated,
8	by striking "or critical technology items" and
9	inserting ", critical technology items, essential
10	materials, and industrial resources".
11	SEC. 7. EXPANSION OF PRODUCTIVE CAPACITY AND SUP-
12	PLY.
13	Title III of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50
14	U.S.C. App. 2091 et seq.) is amended to read as follows:
15	"TITLE III—EXPANSION OF PRO-
16	DUCTIVE CAPACITY AND SUP-
17	PLY
18	"SEC. 301. PRESIDENTIAL AUTHORIZATION FOR THE NA-
19	TIONAL DEFENSE.
20	"(a) Expediting Production and Deliveries or
21	Services.—
22	"(1) Authorized activities.—To reduce cur-
23	rent or projected shortfalls of industrial resources,
24	critical technology items, or essential materials need-
25	ed for national defense purposes, subject to such

1 regulations as the President may prescribe, the 2 President may authorize a guaranteeing agency to 3 provide guarantees of loans by private institutions 4 for the purpose of financing any contractor, subcon-5 tractor, provider of critical infrastructure, or other 6 person in support of production capabilities or sup-7 plies that are deemed by the guaranteeing agency to 8 be necessary to create, maintain, expedite, expand, 9 protect, or restore production and deliveries or services essential to the national defense. 10

- "(2) Presidential determinations re-Quired.—Except during a period of national emergency declared by Congress or the President, a loan guarantee may be entered into under this section only if the President determines that—
 - "(A) the loan guarantee is for an activity that supports the production or supply of an industrial resource, critical technology item, or material that is essential for national defense purposes;
 - "(B) without a loan guarantee, credit is not available to the loan applicant under reasonable terms or conditions sufficient to finance the activity;

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1	"(C) the loan guarantee is the most cost
2	effective, expedient, and practical alternative for
3	meeting the needs of the Federal Government;
4	"(D) the prospective earning power of the
5	loan applicant and the character and value of
6	the security pledged provide a reasonable assur-
7	ance of repayment of the loan to be guaranteed;
8	"(E) the loan to be guaranteed bears inter-
9	est at a rate determined by the Secretary of the
10	Treasury to be reasonable, taking into account
11	the then-current average yield on outstanding
12	obligations of the United States with remaining
13	periods of maturity comparable to the maturity
14	of the loan;
15	"(F) the loan agreement for the loan to be
16	guaranteed provides that no provision of the
17	loan agreement may be amended or waived
18	without the consent of the fiscal agent of the
19	United States for the guarantee; and
20	"(G) the loan applicant has provided or
21	will provide—
22	"(i) an assurance of repayment, as de-
23	termined by the President; and
24	"(ii) security—

1	"(I) in the form of a performance
2	bond, insurance, collateral, or other
3	means acceptable to the fiscal agent
4	of the United States; and
5	"(II) in an amount equal to not
6	less than 20 percent of the amount of
7	the loan.
8	"(3) Limitations on loans.—Loans under
9	this section may be—
10	"(A) made or guaranteed under the au-
11	thority of this section only to the extent that an
12	appropriations Act—
13	"(i) provides, in advance, budget au-
14	thority for the cost of such guarantees, as
15	defined in section 502 of the Federal Cred-
16	it Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a);
17	and
18	"(ii) establishes a limitation on the
19	total loan principal that may be guaran-
20	teed; and
21	"(B) made without regard to the limita-
22	tions of existing law, other than section 1341 of
23	title 31, United States Code.
24	"(b) Fiscal Agents of the United States.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any Federal agency or any Federal reserve bank, when designated by the President, is hereby authorized to act, on behalf of any guaranteeing agency, as fiscal agent of the United States in the making of such contracts of guarantee and in otherwise carrying out the purposes of this section.
 - "(2) Funds.—All such funds as may be necessary to enable any fiscal agent described in paragraph (1) to carry out any guarantee made by it on behalf of any guaranteeing agency shall be supplied and disbursed by or under authority from such guaranteeing agency.
 - "(3) LIMIT ON LIABILITY.—No fiscal agent described in paragraph (1) shall have any responsibility or accountability, except as agent in taking any action pursuant to or under authority of this section.
 - "(4) Reimbursements.—Each fiscal agent described in paragraph (1) shall be reimbursed by each guaranteeing agency for all expenses and losses incurred by such fiscal agent in acting as agent on behalf of such guaranteeing agency, including, notwithstanding any other provision of law, attorneys' fees and expenses of litigation.

1	"(c) Oversight.—
2	"(1) In general.—All actions and operations
3	of fiscal agents under authority of or pursuant to
4	this section shall be subject to the supervision of the
5	President, and to such regulations as the President
6	may prescribe.
7	"(2) Other authority.—The President is au-
8	thorized to prescribe—
9	"(A) either specifically or by maximum
10	limits or otherwise, rates of interest, guarantee
11	and commitment fees, and other charges which
12	may be made in connection with loans, dis
13	counts, advances, or commitments guaranteed
14	by the guaranteeing agencies through fisca
15	agents under this section; and
16	"(B) regulations governing the forms and
17	procedures (which shall be uniform to the ex-
18	tent practicable) to be utilized in connection
19	with such guarantees.
20	"(d) Aggregate Guarantee Amounts.—
21	"(1) Industrial resource and critical
22	TECHNOLOGY SHORTFALLS.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the making of any
24	guarantee or obligation of the Federal Govern-
25	ment under this title relating to a domestic in

1	dustrial base shortfall would cause the aggre-
2	gate outstanding amount of all guarantees for
3	such shortfall to exceed \$50,000,000, any such
4	guarantee may be made only—
5	"(i) if the President has notified the
6	Committee on Banking, Housing, and
7	Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Com-
8	mittee on Financial Services of the House
9	of Representatives in writing of the pro-
10	posed guarantee; and
11	"(ii) after the 30-day period following
12	the date on which notice under clause (i)
13	is provided.
14	"(B) Waivers authorized.—The re-
15	quirements of subparagraph (A) may be
16	waived—
17	"(i) during a period of national emer-
18	gency declared by Congress or the Presi-
19	dent; or
20	"(ii) upon a determination by the
21	President, on a nondelegable basis, that a
22	specific guarantee is necessary to avert an
23	industrial resource or critical technology
24	item shortfall that would severely impair
25	national defense capability.

1 "(2) OTHER LIMITATIONS.—The authority con-2 ferred by this section shall not be used primarily to 3 prevent the financial insolvency or bankruptcy of 4 any person, unless—

"(A) the President certifies that the insolvency or bankruptcy would have a direct and substantially adverse effect upon national defense production; and

"(B) a copy of the certification under subparagraph (A), together with a detailed justification thereof, is transmitted to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives not later than 10 days prior to the exercise of that authority for such use.

17 "SEC. 302. LOANS TO PRIVATE BUSINESS ENTERPRISES.

"(a) Loan Authority.—To reduce current or projected shortfalls of industrial resources, critical technology tems, or materials essential for the national defense, the President may make provision for loans to private business enterprises (including nonprofit research corporations and providers of critical infrastructure) for the creation, maintenance, expansion, protection, or restoration of capacity, the development of technological processes, or the

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1	production of essential materials, including the explo-
2	ration, development, and mining of strategic and critical
3	metals and minerals.
4	"(b) Conditions of Loans.—Loans may be made
5	under this section on such terms and conditions as the
6	President deems necessary, except that—
7	"(1) financial assistance may be extended only
8	to the extent that it is not otherwise available from
9	private sources on reasonable terms; and
10	"(2) during periods of national emergency de-
11	clared by the Congress or the President, no such
12	loan may be made unless the President determines
13	that—
14	"(A) the loan is for an activity that sup-
15	ports the production or supply of an industrial
16	resource, critical technology item, or material
17	that is essential to the national defense;
18	"(B) without the loan, United States in-
19	dustry cannot reasonably be expected to provide
20	the needed capacity, technological processes, or
21	materials in a timely manner;
22	"(C) the loan is the most cost-effective, ex-
23	pedient, and practical alternative method for
24	meeting the need;

1	"(D) the prospective earning power of the
2	loan applicant and the character and value of
3	the security pledged provide a reasonable assur-
4	ance of repayment of the loan in accordance
5	with the terms of the loan, as determined by
6	the President; and
7	"(E) the loan bears interest at a rate de-
8	termined by the Secretary of the Treasury to be
9	reasonable, taking into account the then-current
10	average yield on outstanding obligations of the
11	United States with remaining periods of matu-
12	rity comparable to the maturity of the loan.
13	"(c) Limitations on Loans.—Loans under this sec-
14	tion may be—
15	"(1) made or guaranteed under the authority of
16	this section only to the extent that an appropriations
17	Act—
18	"(A) provides, in advance, budget author-
19	ity for the cost of such guarantees, as defined
20	in section 502 of the Federal Credit Reform
21	Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a); and
22	"(B) establishes a limitation on the total
23	loan principal that may be guaranteed; and

1	"(2) made without regard to the limitations of
2	existing law, other than section 1341 of title 31,
3	United States Code.
4	"(d) AGGREGATE LOAN AMOUNTS.—
5	"(1) In general.—If the making of any loan
6	under this section to correct a shortfall would cause
7	the aggregate outstanding amount of all obligations
8	of the Federal Government under this title relating
9	to such shortfall to exceed \$50,000,000, such loan
10	may be made only—
11	"(A) if the President has notified the Com-
12	mittee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
13	of the Senate and the Committee on Financial
14	Services of the House of Representatives, in
15	writing, of the proposed loan; and
16	"(B) after the 30-day period following the
17	date on which notice under subparagraph (A) is
18	provided.
19	"(2) Waivers authorized.—The require-
20	ments of paragraph (1) may be waived—
21	"(A) during a period of national emergency
22	declared by the Congress or the President; and
23	"(B) upon a determination by the Presi-
24	dent, on a nondelegable basis, that a specific
25	loan is necessary to avert an industrial resource

1	or critical technology shortfall that would se-
2	verely impair national defense capability.
3	"SEC. 303. OTHER PRESIDENTIAL ACTION AUTHORIZED.
4	"(a) In General.—
5	"(1) In general.—To create, maintain, pro-
6	tect, expand, or restore domestic industrial base ca-
7	pabilities essential for the national defense, the
8	President may make provision—
9	"(A) for purchases of or commitments to
10	purchase an industrial resource or a critical
11	technology item, for Government use or resale
12	"(B) for the encouragement of exploration
13	development, and mining of critical and stra-
14	tegic materials, and other materials;
15	"(C) for the development of production ca-
16	pabilities; and
17	"(D) for the increased use of emerging
18	technologies in security program applications
19	and the rapid transition of emerging tech-
20	nologies—
21	"(i) from Government-sponsored re-
22	search and development to commercial ap-
23	plications; and

1	"(ii) from commercial research and
2	development to national defense applica-
3	tions.
4	"(2) Treatment of Certain Agricultural
5	COMMODITIES.—A purchase for resale under this
6	subsection shall not include that part of the supply
7	of an agricultural commodity which is domestically
8	produced, except to the extent that such domestically
9	produced supply may be purchased for resale for in-
10	dustrial use or stockpiling.
11	"(3) Terms of sales.—No commodity pur-
12	chased under this subsection shall be sold at less
13	than—
14	"(A) the established ceiling price for such
15	commodity, except that minerals, metals, and
16	materials shall not be sold at less than the es-
17	tablished ceiling price, or the current domestic
18	market price, whichever is lower; or
19	"(B) if no ceiling price has been estab-
20	lished, the higher of—
21	"(i) the current domestic market price
22	for such commodity; or
23	"(ii) the minimum sale price estab-
24	lished for agricultural commodities owned
25	or controlled by the Commodity Credit

1	Corporation, as provided in section 407 of
2	the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C.
3	1427).
4	"(4) Delivery dates.—No purchase or com-
5	mitment to purchase any imported agricultural com-
6	modity shall specify a delivery date which is more
7	than 1 year after the date of termination of this sec-
8	tion.
9	"(5) Presidential determinations.—Ex-
10	cept as provided in paragraph (7), the President
11	may not execute a contract under this subsection un-
12	less the President determines that—
13	"(A) the industrial resource, material, or
14	critical technology item is essential to the na-
15	tional defense; and
16	"(B) without Presidential action under this
17	section, United States industry cannot reason-
18	ably be expected to provide the capability for
19	the needed industrial resource, material, or crit-
20	ical technology item in a timely manner.
21	"(6) Notification to congress of short-
22	FALL.—
23	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
24	paragraph (7), the President shall provide writ-
25	ten notice to the Committee on Banking, Hous-

ing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives of a domestic industrial base shortfall prior to taking action under this subsection to remedy the shortfall. The notice shall include the determinations made by the President under paragraph (5).

- "(B) AGGREGATE AMOUNTS.—If the taking of any action under this subsection to correct a domestic industrial base shortfall would cause the aggregate outstanding amount of all such actions for such shortfall to exceed \$50,000,000, the action or actions may be taken only after the 30-day period following the date on which the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives have been notified in writing of the proposed action.
- "(7) Waivers authorized.—The requirements of paragraphs (1) through (6) may be waived—
- 23 "(A) during a period of national emergency 24 declared by the Congress or the President; or

- 1 "(B) upon a determination by the Presi-2 dent, on a nondelegable basis, that action is 3 necessary to avert an industrial resource or 4 critical technology item shortfall that would se-5 verely impair national defense capability.
- 6 "(b) Exemption for Certain Limitations.—Subject to the limitations in subsection (a), purchases and 8 commitments to purchase and sales under subsection (a) may be made without regard to the limitations of existing 10 law (other than section 1341 of title 31, United States Code), for such quantities, and on such terms and conditions, including advance payments, and for such periods, but not extending beyond a date that is not more than 10 years from the date on which such purchase, purchase 14 15 commitment, or sale was initially made, as the President deems necessary, except that purchases or commitments 16 to purchase involving higher than established ceiling prices 17 18 (or if no such established ceiling prices exist, currently prevailing market prices) or anticipated loss on resale shall 19 not be made, unless it is determined that supply of the 21 materials could not be effectively increased at lower prices 22 or on terms more favorable to the Government, or that 23 such purchases are necessary to assure the availability to the United States of overseas supplies.
- 25 "(c) Presidential Findings.—

L	"(1) In General.—The President may take
2	the actions described in paragraph (2), if the Presi-
3	dent finds that—

- "(A) under generally fair and equitable ceiling prices, for any raw or nonprocessed material, there will result a decrease in supplies from high-cost sources of such material, and that the continuation of such supplies is necessary to carry out the objectives of this title; or
- "(B) an increase in cost of transportation is temporary in character and threatens to impair maximum production or supply in any area at stable prices of any materials.
- "(2) Subsidy payments authorized.—Upon a finding under paragraph (1), the President may make provision for subsidy payments on any such domestically produced material, other than an agricultural commodity, in such amounts and in such manner (including purchases of such material and its resale at a loss), and on such terms and conditions, as the President determines to be necessary to ensure that supplies from such high-cost sources are continued, or that maximum production or supply in

1	such area at stable prices of such materials is main-
2	tained, as the case may be.
3	"(d) Incidental Authority.—The procurement
4	power granted to the President by this section shall in-
5	clude the power to transport and store and have processed
6	and refined any materials procured under this section.
7	"(e) Installation of Equipment in Industrial
8	FACILITIES.—
9	"(1) Installation authorized.—If the
10	President determines that such action will aid the
11	national defense, the President is authorized—
12	"(A) to procure and install additional
13	equipment, facilities, processes or improvements
14	to plants, factories, and other industrial facili-
15	ties owned by the Federal Government;
16	"(B) to procure and install equipment
17	owned by the Federal Government in plants
18	factories, and other industrial facilities owned
19	by private persons;
20	"(C) to provide for the modification or ex-
21	pansion of privately owned facilities, including
22	the modification or improvement of production
23	processes, when taking actions under section
24	301, 302, or this section; and

1	"(D) to sell or otherwise transfer equip-
2	ment owned by the Federal Government and in-
3	stalled under this subsection to the owners of
4	such plants, factories, or other industrial facili-
5	ties.
6	"(2) Indemnification.—The owner of any
7	plant, factory, or other industrial facility that re-
8	ceives equipment owned by the Federal Government
9	under this section shall agree—
10	"(A) to waive any claim against the United
11	States under section 107 or 113 of the Com-
12	prehensive Environmental Response, Compensa-
13	tion, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9607
14	and 9613); and
15	"(B) to indemnify the United States
16	against any claim described in paragraph (1)
17	made by a third party that arises out of the
18	presence or use of equipment owned by the
19	Federal Government.
20	"(f) Excess Metals, Minerals, and Mate-
21	RIALS.—
22	"(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other
23	provision of law to the contrary, metals, minerals,
24	and materials acquired pursuant to this section
25	which, in the judgment of the President, are excess

- 1 to the needs of programs under this Act, shall be
- 2 transferred to the National Defense Stockpile estab-
- 3 lished by the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock
- 4 Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98 et seq.), when the Presi-
- 5 dent deems such action to be in the public interest.
- 6 "(2) Transfers at no charge.—Transfers
- 7 made pursuant to this subsection shall be made
- 8 without charge against or reimbursement from funds
- 9 appropriated for the purposes of the Strategic and
- 10 Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98 et
- seq.), except that costs incident to such transfer,
- other than acquisition costs, shall be paid or reim-
- bursed from such funds.
- 14 "(g) Substitutes.—When, in the judgement of the
- 15 President, it will aid the national defense, the President
- 16 may make provision for the development of substitutes for
- 17 strategic and critical materials, critical components, crit-
- 18 ical technology items, and other industrial resources.
- 19 "SEC. 304. DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT FUND.
- 20 "(a) Establishment of Fund.—There is estab-
- 21 lished in the Treasury of the United States a separate
- 22 fund to be known as the 'Defense Production Act Fund'
- 23 (in this section referred to as the 'Fund').
- 24 "(b) Moneys in Fund.—There shall be credited to
- 25 the Fund—

1	"(1) all moneys appropriated for the Fund, as
2	authorized by section 711; and
3	"(2) all moneys received by the Fund on trans-
4	actions entered into pursuant to section 303.
5	"(c) Use of Fund.—The Fund shall be available to
6	carry out the provisions and purposes of this title, subject
7	to the limitations set forth in this Act and in appropria-
8	tions Acts.
9	"(d) Duration of Fund.—Moneys in the Fund
10	shall remain available until expended.
11	"(e) Fund Balance.—The Fund balance at the
12	close of each fiscal year shall not exceed \$750,000,000,
13	excluding any moneys appropriated to the Fund during
14	that fiscal year or obligated funds. If, at the close of any
15	fiscal year, the Fund balance exceeds \$750,000,000, the
16	amount in excess of \$750,000,000 shall be paid into the
17	general fund of the Treasury.
18	"(f) Fund Manager.—The President shall des-
19	ignate a Fund manager. The duties of the Fund manager
20	shall include—
21	"(1) determining the liability of the Fund in ac-
22	cordance with subsection (g);
23	"(2) ensuring the visibility and accountability of
24	transactions engaged in through the Fund: and

1 "(3) reporting to the Congress each year re-2 garding activities of the Fund during the previous 3 fiscal year. "(g) Liabilities Against Fund.—When any agree-4 ment entered into pursuant to this title after December 6 31, 1991, imposes any contingent liability upon the United 7 States, such liability shall be considered an obligation 8 against the Fund.". SEC. 8. DEFINITIONS. 10 Section 702 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 11 (50 U.S.C. App. 2152) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "military 12 13 equipment identified by the Secretary of Defense" and inserting "equipment identified by the Presi-14 15 dent"; 16 (2) by striking paragraphs (2), (4), (9), and 17 (18);18 (3) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-19 graph(2);20 (4) by inserting after paragraph (2), as so re-21 designated, the following: 22 "(3) Critical technology.—The term 'crit-23 ical technology' includes any technology designated 24 by the President to be essential to the national de-25 fense.";

1	(5) by redesignating paragraphs (5) through
2	(8) as paragraphs (4) through (7), respectively;
3	(6) in paragraph (6), as so redesignated—
4	(A) in the paragraph heading, by striking
5	"DEFENSE";
6	(B) by striking "domestic defense" and in-
7	serting "domestic"; and
8	(C) by striking "graduated mobilization,";
9	(7) by redesignating paragraphs (10) and (11)
10	as paragraphs (8) and (9), respectively;
11	(8) by inserting after paragraph (9), as so re-
12	designated, the following:
13	"(10) Guaranteeing agency.—The term
14	'guaranteeing agency' means a department or agen-
15	cy of the United States engaged in procurement for
16	the national defense.
17	"(11) HOMELAND SECURITY.—The term 'home-
18	land security' includes efforts—
19	"(A) to prevent terrorist attacks within the
20	United States;
21	"(B) to reduce the vulnerability of the
22	United States to terrorism;
23	"(C) to minimize damage from a terrorist
24	attack in the United States; and

1	"(D) to recover from a terrorist attack in
2	the United States.";
3	(9) in paragraph (12), by striking "capacity"
4	and inserting "base";
5	(10) in paragraph (14), by striking "military
6	assistance to any foreign nation" and inserting
7	"military or critical infrastructure assistance to any
8	foreign nation, homeland security"; and
9	(11) in paragraph (16)—
10	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "or"
11	at the end;
12	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking the
13	period and inserting a semicolon; and
14	(C) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(C) the movement of individuals and
16	property by all modes of civil transportation; or
17	"(D) other national defense programs and
18	activities.".
19	SEC. 9. VOLUNTARY AGREEMENTS AND PLANS OF ACTION
20	FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE.
21	Section 708 of the Defense Production Act of 1950
22	(50 U.S.C. App. 2158) is amended—
23	(1) in subsection (c)—
24	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "defense
25	of the United States" and all that follows

1	through the period and inserting "national de-
2	fense."; and
3	(B) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(3) Upon a determination by the President, on a
5	nondelegable basis, that a specific voluntary agreement or
6	plan of action is necessary to meet national defense re-
7	quirements resulting from an event that degrades or de-
8	stroys critical infrastructure—
9	"(A) an individual that has been delegated au-
10	thority under paragraph (1) with respect to such
11	agreement or plan shall not be required to consult
12	with the Attorney General or the Federal Trade
13	Commission under paragraph (2)(B); and
14	"(B) the President shall publish a rule in ac-
15	cordance with subsection (e)(2)(B) and publish no-
16	tice in accordance with subsection (e)(3)(B) with re-
17	spect to such agreement or plan as soon as is prac-
18	ticable under the circumstances.";
19	(2) in subsection $(f)(2)$ —
20	(A) by striking "two years" each place
21	that term appears and inserting "5 years"; and
22	(B) by striking "two-year" and inserting
23	"5-year"; and
24	(3) by striking subsection (n) and inserting the
25	following:

1	"(n) Exemption From Advisory Committee Act
2	Provisions.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
3	law, the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.)
4	and any other provision of Federal law relating to advisory
5	committees shall not apply to—
6	(1) the consultations referred to in subsection
7	(e)(1); or
8	"(2) any activity conducted under a voluntary
9	agreement or plan of action approved pursuant to
10	this section that complies with the requirements of
11	this section.".
12	SEC. 10. EMPLOYMENT OF PERSONNEL; APPOINTMENT
13	POLICIES; NUCLEUS EXECUTIVE RESERVE;
	POLICIES; NUCLEUS EXECUTIVE RESERVE; USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION BY EM-
14	
14 15	USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION BY EM-
14 15 16	USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION BY EMPLOYEES; PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF
14 15 16 17	USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION BY EM- PLOYEES; PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF REPORTS.
14 15 16 17	USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION BY EMPLOYEES; PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF REPORTS. Section 710 of the Defense Production Act of 1950
114 115 116 117 118	USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION BY EMPLOYEES; PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF REPORTS. Section 710 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2160) is amended—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION BY EM- PLOYEES; PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF REPORTS. Section 710 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2160) is amended— (1) in subsection (b)—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION BY EMPLOYEES; PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF REPORTS. Section 710 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2160) is amended— (1) in subsection (b)— (A) in paragraph (2), by striking clause
113 114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222 233	USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION BY EM- PLOYEES; PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF REPORTS. Section 710 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2160) is amended— (1) in subsection (b)— (A) in paragraph (2), by striking clause (iii);
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION BY EMPLOYEES; PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF REPORTS. Section 710 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2160) is amended— (1) in subsection (b)— (A) in paragraph (2), by striking clause (iii); (B) by striking paragraph (4);

1	(D) in paragraph (6), as so redesignated,
2	by striking "At least" and all that follows
3	through "survey" and inserting "The Director
4	of the Office of Personnel Management shall
5	carry out a biennial survey of";
6	(2) in subsection (c), by striking the third sen-
7	tence;
8	(3) in subsection (d), by striking "needed;" and
9	all that follows through the period and inserting
10	"needed."; and
11	(4) in subsection (e)—
12	(A) in the first sentence, by striking
13	"emergency" and inserting "national defense
14	emergency, as determined by the President";
15	and
16	(B) by striking the third sentence.
17	SEC. 11. DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT COMMITTEE.
18	Section 722 of the Defense Production Act of 1950
19	$(50~\mathrm{U.S.C.~App.~2171})$ is amended to read as follows:
20	"SEC. 722. DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT COMMITTEE.
21	"(a) Committee Established.—There is estab-
22	lished the Defense Production Act Committee (in this sec-
23	tion referred to as the 'Committee'), which shall advise
24	the President on the effective use of the authority under
25	this Act by the departments, agencies, and independent

1	establishments of the Federal Government to which the
2	President has delegated authority under this Act.
3	"(b) Membership.—
4	"(1) In general.—The members of the Com-
5	mittee shall be—
6	"(A) the head of each Federal agency to
7	which the President has delegated authority
8	under this Act; and
9	"(B) the Chairperson of the Council of
10	Economic Advisors.
11	"(2) Chairperson.—The President shall des-
12	ignate 1 member of the Committee as the Chair-
13	person of the Committee.
14	"(c) Executive Director.—
15	"(1) In general.—The President shall ap-
16	point an Executive Director of the Defense Produc-
17	tion Act Committee (in this section referred to as
18	the 'Executive Director'), who shall—
19	"(A) be responsible to the Chairperson of
20	the Committee; and
21	"(B) carry out such activities relating to
22	the Committee as the Chairperson may deter-
23	mine

1	"(2) APPOINTMENT.—The appointment by the
2	President shall not be subject to the advice and con-
3	sent of the Senate.
4	"(3) Compensation.—For pay periods begin-
5	ning on or after the date on which each Chairperson
6	is appointed, funds for the pay of the Executive Di-
7	rector shall be paid from appropriations to the sala-
8	ries and expenses account of the department or
9	agency of the Chairperson of the Committee. The
10	Executive Director shall be compensated at a rate of
11	pay equivalent to that of a Deputy Assistant Sec-
12	retary (or a comparable position) of the Federal
13	agency of the Chairperson of the Committee.
14	"(d) Report.—Not later than the end of the first
15	quarter of each calendar year, the Committee shall submit
16	to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af-
17	fairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Serv-
18	ices of the House of Representatives a report signed by
19	each member of the Committee that contains—
20	"(1) a review of the authority under this Act of
21	each department, agency, or independent establish-
22	ment of the Federal Government to which the Presi-
23	dent has delegated authority under this Act;
24	"(2) recommendations for the effective use of

the authority described in paragraph (1) in a man-

1	ner consistent with the statement of policy under
2	section 2(b);
3	"(3) recommendations for legislation, regula-
4	tions, executive orders, or other action by the Fed-
5	eral Government necessary to improve the use of the
6	authority described in paragraph (1); and
7	"(4) recommendations for improving informa-
8	tion sharing between departments, agencies, and
9	independent establishments of the Federal Govern-
10	ment relating to all aspects of the authority de-
11	scribed in paragraph (1).
12	"(e) Federal Advisory Committee Act.—The
13	provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5
14	U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the Committee.".
15	SEC. 12. ANNUAL REPORT ON IMPACT OF OFFSETS.
16	(a) Annual Report.—Title VII of the Defense Pro-
17	duction Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2151 et seq.) is
18	amended by adding at the end the following:
19	"SEC. 723. ANNUAL REPORT ON IMPACT OF OFFSETS.
20	"(a) Report Required.—
21	"(1) In general.—The President shall submit
22	to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban
23	Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Finan-
24	cial Services of the House of Representatives, a de-

tailed annual report on the impact of offsets on the

1	defense preparedness, industrial competitiveness,
2	employment, and trade of the United States.
3	"(2) Duties of the secretary of com-
4	MERCE.—The Secretary of Commerce (hereafter in
5	this subsection referred to as the 'Secretary') shall—
6	"(A) prepare the report required by para-
7	graph (1);
8	"(B) consult with the Secretary of De-
9	fense, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Sec-
10	retary of State, and the United States Trade
11	Representative in connection with the prepara-
12	tion of such report; and
13	"(C) function as the President's Executive
14	Agent for carrying out this section.
15	"(b) Interagency Studies and Related Data.—
16	"(1) Purpose of Report.—Each report re-
17	quired under subsection (a) shall identify the cumu-
18	lative effects of offset agreements on—
19	"(A) the full range of domestic defense
20	productive capability (with special attention
21	paid to the firms serving as lower-tier sub-
22	contractors or suppliers); and
23	"(B) the domestic defense technology base
24	as a consequence of the technology transfers as-
25	sociated with such offset agreements.

"(2) USE OF DATA.—Data developed or compiled by any agency while conducting any interagency study or other independent study or analysis shall be made available to the Secretary to facilitate the execution of the Secretary's responsibilities with respect to trade offset and countertrade policy development.

"(c) Notice of Offset Agreements.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—If a United States firm enters into a contract for the sale of a weapon system or defense-related item to a foreign country or foreign firm and such contract is subject to an offset agreement exceeding \$5,000,000 in value, such firm shall furnish to the official designated in the regulations promulgated pursuant to paragraph (2) information concerning such sale.
- "(2) Regulations.—The information to be furnished under paragraph (1) shall be prescribed in regulations promulgated by the Secretary. Such regulations shall provide protection from public disclosure for such information, unless public disclosure is subsequently specifically authorized by the firm furnishing the information.
- 24 "(d) Contents of Report.—

1	"(1) In general.—Each report under sub-
2	section (a) shall include—
3	"(A) a net assessment of the elements of
4	the industrial base and technology base covered
5	by the report;
6	"(B) recommendations for appropriate re-
7	medial action under the authority of this Act,
8	or other law or regulations;
9	"(C) a summary of the findings and rec-
10	ommendations of any interagency studies con-
11	ducted during the reporting period under sub-
12	section (b);
13	"(D) a summary of offset arrangements
14	concluded during the reporting period for which
15	information has been furnished pursuant to
16	subsection (c); and
17	"(E) a summary and analysis of any bilat-
18	eral and multilateral negotiations relating to
19	the use of offsets completed during the report-
20	ing period.
21	"(2) Alternative findings or rec-
22	OMMENDATIONS.—Each report required under this
23	section shall include any alternative findings or rec-
24	ommendations offered by any departmental Sec-

- 1 retary, agency head, or the United States Trade
- 2 Representative to the Secretary.
- 3 "(e) Utilization of Annual Report in Negotia-
- 4 TIONS.—The findings and recommendations of the reports
- 5 required by subsection (a), and any interagency reports
- 6 and analyses shall be considered by representatives of the
- 7 United States during bilateral and multilateral negotia-
- 8 tions to minimize the adverse effects of offsets.".
- 9 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
- 10 (1) Defense production act amendments
- of 1992.—Section 123(c)(1)(C) of the Defense Pro-
- duction Act Amendments of 1992 (50 U.S.C. App.
- 13 2099 note) is amended by striking "section 309(a)
- of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C.
- 15 App. 2099(a))" and inserting "section 723(a) of the
- Defense Production Act of 1950".
- 17 (2) American Homeownership and Eco-
- NOMIC OPPORTUNITY ACT OF 2000.—Section 1102(2)
- of the American Homeownership and Economic Op-
- 20 portunity Act of 2000 (31 U.S.C. 1113 note) is
- amended by striking "309 of the Defense Production
- 22 Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2099)" and inserting
- "723 of the Defense Production Act of 1950".
- 24 (3) Defense Production act amendments
- 25 OF 2003.—Section 7(a) of the Defense Production

- 1 Act Amendments of 2003 (50 U.S.C. App. 2099
- 2 note) is amended by striking "section 309(a) of the
- 3 Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App.
- 4 2099(a))" and inserting "section 723(a) of the De-
- 5 fense Production Act of 1950".

Passed the Senate September 16, 2009.

Attest:

Secretary.

111TH CONGRESS S. 1677

AN ACT

To reauthorize the Defense Production Act of 1950, and for other purposes.